

# The Newmarket

DEVOTED TO NEWS, POLITICS, LITERATURE, SCIENCE, EDUCATION AND AGRICULTURE.

"GIVE ME THE LIBERTY TO KNOW, TO UTTER, AND TO ARGUE FREELY, ACCORDING TO CONSCIENCE, ABOVE ALL OTHER LIBERTY."

VOL. IX. NO. 30.

NEWMARKET, C. W., FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 7, 1860.

WHOLE NO. 446.

## Business Directory.

John T. Stokes,  
COMMISSIONER for taking Affidavits in the  
Court of Queen's Bench, for the Counties of  
York and Peel, Conveyancer, &c., Barrister, &c.,  
June 3, 1853.

W. MOOLEY,  
CONVEYANCER AND LAND AGENT,  
Commissioner in the Queen's Bench,  
Office on Yonge Street,  
Aurora, 25th May, 1853.

A. BOUTLÉE,  
BARRISTER, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Newmarket, Newmarket, Aug. 1st, 1855.

R. MOORE,  
BARRISTER, Solicitor in Chancery, Attorney, Conveyancer, &c., Office in the New Court House, next to the County Council Office, Toronto, June 5, 1857.

J. SAXTON,  
WATCH and Clock Maker, Main Street Newmarket, All kinds of Watches and Clocks repaired in order, and Warranted. Newmarket, September 9, 1853.

BIBLE DEPOSITORY.

BIBLES and Testaments can be had at Society's prices, upon application to Thomas Nixon, at the Bible Depository, opposite Hewitt's Hotel, Newmarket, March 26, 1856.

GEORGE D. HUTCHCROFT,  
Wagon, Carriage & Sleigh Maker,  
MAIN STREET Newmarket. All Orders executed  
with Dispatch. Newmarket, Feby. 10, 1856.

DR. BENTLEY,  
PHYSICIAN, SURGEON AND ACCOUCHEUR,  
NEWMARKET, Office—Water Street, foot of Main Street, Feb. 20, 1857.

RAILROAD HOTEL,  
NEW MARKET.

THE proprietor having again resumed the above HOTEL respectfully intimates to the travelling public that the premises have undergone a thorough repair, and he is now prepared for the reception of guests. The R.R. contains Liquors of the best Brands; and the Larder well supplied.

JAS. FORTYTH.  
Newmarket, Oct. 14, 1857.

Newmarket Iron Foundry.

JAMES ALLAN begs to return thanks for your favor, and to intorm that he is prepared to cast STOVES, SUGAR KETTLES, MACHINE CASTINGS, and other articles usually required in his line of business.

A number of SUGAR KETTLES, and STOVES, PLOUGHES, on hand for sale. Newmarket, February 10th, 1854.

UNITY FIRE & LIFE  
GENERAL INSURANCE ASSOCIATIONS,  
OF ENGLAND, Capital, £2,500,000 Sterling.  
J. W. MARSDEN, Agent Newmarket, Oct. 28, 1858.

Whiskey Whiskey! Whiskey!  
DOMESTIC AND TODDY,  
O Excellent Quality, by the Barrel, Gallon or  
Quart. For Sale cheap. JOHN BENTLEY.

Razors, Scissors and Knives,  
GROUND and set, on the shortest notice, and on  
reasonable terms, by G. A. WALLACE.

Barber Shop, 2 Doors North of M. W. Hogan's Store, Newmarket, October 16th, 1859.

DR. D. E. SEYMOUR,  
HOMEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.

OFFICE—West side Main-st., near the New Era building, Newmarket, C. W. July 7, 1859.

C. Mortimer,  
PHYSICIAN, SURGEON AND ACCOUCHEUR.  
AURORA.

A FRESH supply of Drugs, Chemicals, Medicines, &c., &c., Aurora, March 16, 1860.

Western Assurance Company,  
OF TORONTO, C. W., CAPITAL \$400,000.  
P. D. KELLY, Agent, Brownsville.

COMMERCIAL HOTEL,  
(LATE HAY'S OLD STABLE.)  
BY HENRY CROXON.

HOLLAND LANDING.

THESE premises have lately been thoroughly renovated and re-fitted for the accommodation of guests.

N. B.—Good Stabling and a careful hostler always in attendance. Holland Landing, March 16, 1860.

"Marksmen's Home,"  
BY JAS. MCCLURE,  
HOLLAND LANDING.

THIS Hotel is now the only fitted up for the accommodation of Guests, and attached to it is one of the best Public Rooms in the Village.

JAS. MCCLURE,  
Licensed Auctioneer.

For the United Counties of York and Peel.  
Charges Moderate.  $\frac{1}{2}$  D. Holland Landing, March 22, 1860.

Professional Notice.

D. B. HUNTER begs leave to announce to the inhabitants of Newmarket, and the surrounding country, that he has reduced the practice of his profession in all its branches. Office at his Residence, Timothy Street, Newmarket, May 17, 1860.

TELEGRAPH OFFICE  
Re Opened in Newmarket.

THE Underliege has much pleasure in intimating to the business community, that the manager of the *Markham Telegraph Company* has again re-opened an office in this place, and trusts the efforts which have been made to continue the office here, will be duly appreciated by the business community.

MESSAGES transmitted to any part of Canada, and the principal cities of the neighboring Re-public, on the shortest notice.

O. FORD.

Newmarket, Dec. 14, 1859.

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Business Directory.

John T. Stokes,  
ARCHITECT &c., &c., SHARON, Canada West  
Sharon, Jan. 25, 1856.

T. Bishop & Son,  
BRICK-LAYERS, Plasterers and Stonemasons  
Dealers in Lime, &c., &c.,

Main Street, Newmarket, May 7, 1857.

A. BOUTLÉE,  
BARRISTER, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Newmarket, Oct. 20th, 1855.

R. MOORE,  
BARRISTER, Solicitor in Chancery, Attorney, Conveyancer, &c., &c., Office in Elgin Buildings, corner of Yonge and Adelaide Streets, Toronto, June 20, 1855.

JOHN R. JONES,  
BARRISTER-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., &c., Office in Elgin Buildings, corner of Yonge and Adelaide Streets, Toronto, March 26, 1855.

NORTH RICHARDSON,  
CONVEYANCER, Land Agent, &c., &c., Commissioner in the Queen's Bench, Office—Old Stand, Prospect St. Patents of Inventions procured Newmarket, 1855.

INTERNATIONAL

Life Assurance Society of London,  
Capital—Half-a-Million Sterling.

ROBERT H. SMITH,  
Agent.

Newmarket, Nov. 3, 1855.

DR. PYNE,  
PHYSICIAN, SURGEON AND ACCOUCHEUR,  
NEWMARKET, Office—Water Street, foot of Main Street, Feb. 20, 1857.

Folt Hates Remodelled  
to the Latest Fashion, and  
Stra Bonnets Colored on the shortest notice.

MISS FLEMING

BEs respectfully to Intimate to the Ladies of  
Newmarket and vicinity, that she has now on  
hand a large and varied stock of

MILLINERY Goods  
adapted for the season, which will be sold at prices  
to suit the times.

DENTISTRY!

W. C. ADAMS, D. D. S.,  
Surgeon Dentist, 99 King Street East,  
Toronto, Canada West.

PARTICULAR attention given to the regula-  
tion of Children's Teeth. Consultation free,  
and all work warranted.

A. has turned his attention to the improve-  
ments of his profession in all its branches, and can  
supply the profession with Teeth, Gold, Vulcanized  
Rubber, and Vulcanite Rubber, and the best  
bindings.

Mineral Teeth mounted on Gold, Silver, or Vul-  
canite Rubber, with Continuous Gums, which  
are warranted to give entire satisfaction.

Newmarket, Sept. 21, 1857.

DR. HACKETT,  
PHYSICIAN, SURGEON, ACCOUCHEUR,  
NEWMARKET.

RESIDENCE—Prospect Street, (Garrett Hill),  
Newmarket.

R. C. ROGERS,  
JOINER AND CARPENTER,  
I am returning thanks for the liberal patronage con-  
ferred on me by the public in this place, and would  
respectfully intorm that he is prepared to contract for the

ERCTION OF BUILDINGS,  
of all descriptions—and furnish materials or otherwise  
as may be agreed upon. He keeps constantly  
on hand a good supply of Sash and Doors. All  
orders executed in a neat and substantial manner,  
and with dispatch.

Newmarket, Sept. 21, 1857.

DR. H. SULLIVAN,  
BARRISTER and Attorney at Law, Solicitor in  
Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, &c.,  
No. 2 Toronto-st., second door south of  
Post Office, Toronto, c. w.

November 4th, 1859.

JAMES W. SEVERS,  
ATTORNEY at Law, Solicitor in Chancery,  
Conveyancer, &c., &c.,

TORONTO, C. W.

J. Office—Adelaide-st., opposite Court House,  
August 2nd, 1860.

RYAN & HALLEN,  
CIVIL ENGINEERS,  
AND

PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYORS,  
Office—Newmarket, County of York.

JOHN RYAN. S. W. HALLEN,  
December 23, 1856.

H. NOBLE, M. D.,  
PHYSICIAN, SURGEON AND ACCOUCHEUR  
Sharon, C. W.

February 23, 1860.

Hides! Hides! Hides!

THE Subscriber is prepared to pay CASH for  
Hides.

THOMAS NIXON,  
Newmarket, Dec. 9th, 1858.

WALTER B. GEIKIE, M. D.,  
Lecturer of the Medical Board of Upper Can-  
ada, and recently one of the Medical officers  
of the Toronto General Hospital, and  
Professor of Anatomy and Surgery  
in Dr. Holt's Medical School.

IT HAS returned to AURORA, on Yonge-street, where he  
may be consulted at all times, on the various  
branches of his profession.

Aurora, Dec. 15, 1859.

S. M. JARVIS,  
BARRISTER AND SOLICITOR IN CHANCERY,  
Victoria Hall, Toronto.

BRANCH OFFICE—NEWMARKET.

IT HAS removed his office from Main Street, to On-  
tario Street, Newmarket, where the business  
will be conducted as usual, by Mr. J. L. CAMPTON.

Newmarket, 10th July, 1860.

DR. S. N. PECK,  
SURGEON DENTIST,  
RESPECTFULLY announces that he will be in  
NEWMARKET—the first three days of each month,  
BOSTON—The first of each month.

BROWNSVILLE—The 8th and 9th of the same  
months. When he will be more  
happy to wait upon those who  
require his services in any of

BRANCHES OF HIS PROFESSION.

Or make good any operation previously warranted.

Dr. S. N. P., for the future, to work chea-  
per than any other Dentist in the Province.

Teeth Inserted on Gold or Silver Plate  
or Vulcanized Rubber.

Teeth Extracted with the least possible pain,  
and particular attention paid to the Regulation of Children's Teeth.

Newmarket, May 23rd, 1860.

LOW CHARGES,

To merit and receive a share of public patronage.

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J. W. KEEFCHM.,  
Watch & Clock Maker,  
(FROM ENGLAND)

BEGS to inform the inhabitants of East Gwillim-  
bury and surrounding Townships, that he has  
commenced business in

S. H. RON, C. W.,  
Where, he hopes, by strict attention to business, and  
LOW CHARGES,

To merit and receive a share of public patronage.

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W. B. BOWDEN,  
CARPENTER, JOINER, &c.,

IN RETURNING thanks for the liberal patronage  
conferred since commencing business in this  
place, he respectfully intorms that he has  
REMOVED TO HIS NEW PREMISES,

Second house north of the residence of R. H. Smith,  
Esq., and is now prepared to contract for the

Erection of Buildings

of all descriptions—and furnish materials or otherwise  
as may be agreed upon. Constantly on hand

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MESSAGES transmitted to any part of Can-  
ada, and the principal cities of the neighboring Re-  
public, on the shortest notice.

O. FORD.

Newmarket, Dec. 14, 1859.

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NEWMARKET, C. W., FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 7, 1860.

NEWSPAPERS.

FOR SALE,

A. ROUGH-CAST DWELLING-HOUSE  
well finished, with seven rooms, a Wood-stove,  
Etc., &c., with HALF AN ACRE OF LAND,  
situated on the west side of Church-street, in the  
Village of Newmarket.

FOR PARTICULARS apply to R. H. SMITH, Esq.,  
or to the subscriber, on the premises.

J. W. BOGART,  
Newmarket, Aug. 1st, 1860.

## New Advertisements.

To Let, Sell, or Exchange for Land—Joseph Ward.  
Rev. Mr. Jackson.  
Notes—J. V. Wilson.  
List of Letters—Newmarket.  
List of Letters—Aurora.  
Million—Billings & Mrs. Bond.  
Stayed—Wm. Smith.  
Farm for Sale—Mr. Gidley.  
Cats—Dr. P. Billings.  
Notice—Charles Temple.

THE NEW ERA.  
Newmarket, Friday, September 7, 1860.

## General Summary.

Special trains will leave our station to-day and to-morrow at 7:30 a.m. for Toronto. Your trains will leave here both days and return.

The North York Electoral Agricultural Show takes place in Newmarket on the 9th and 10th days of October. The prizes will be published next week.

We have pleasure in announcing to the friends of Dr. Nairn, that that gentle man has returned from his health to Europe. We much improved in health. We presume he will at once resume the practice of his profession.

On Saturday, the 25th instant, the return match between the Bond Head and Holmdale Landing Clubs was played on the ground of the former, and resulted in favor of the Bond Head Club, with 63 runs to 43.

We beg to remind the directors of Whitelock Agricultural Society of the meeting announced for Saturday, the 15th instant, at Pine Orchard. Parties intending to compete for prizes in tools, should also see to it that their entries are made in time.

From a Report of the proceedings of the June Session of the County Council of Simcoe, we learn West Gwillimbury is taxed for general purposes, the sum of \$3265; Georgetown, \$3921; Innisfil, \$313; Nottawasaga, \$3152; Headford, \$905. Besides these items, there is a considerable sum for School purposes.

From the Flora-cultural garden of R. H. Smith, Esq., we have received our most beautiful bouquet we have seen this season. It contains not less than fifteen varieties, and embraces some of the finest dahlias to be seen this season of the year. Our Ag Society have offered a prize for the best bouquet, and such an one as above referred to would stand to it. Its influence was never suspended. When we think of this, and then reflect that by precept or example we may give a bias by the agency of Sabbath School instruction—forming them into glorious and symmetrical characters, we partially realize the responsibility resting upon us. (Hear, hear.) Here it is in the power of Parents and Teachers to make them glorious beings; and it was also possible (fearful thought) for us to be their curse—their eternal ruin. In view of these facts, it was a solemn thing to live; and he prayed God, that as parents and teachers they might have that assisting grace which would enable them to live in the discharge of every known duty—and thereby contribute to the formation of virtuous and holy characters. The Rev. gentleman then addressed a few remarks to the children assembled—painted to their fancy what they might become in endeavoring to cultivate and follow proper laws of habit. His remarks were well received, and on concluding was loudly applauded.

Sunday 8. Choir—“I’ve a Father in the promised land.” Mr. Cooke was next introduced to the meeting. After a few introductory remarks, he said: He was thinking not only of what these children enjoy, but what they know. Adults seldom give children credit for what they know. He knew what it was to have to do with Sabbath Schools; he was also pretty well aware of the difficulties these institutions had to contend against; but they were accomplishing much good. When we reflect for one moment upon the truths instilled—how that they were forming characters that would tell, in connection with the future destiny of Canada; he considered it a glorious work, a work in which they should all engage, that the youth now growing up might be rendered a blessing to themselves, to the church, and to the world at large. Mr. Cooke then spoke of the difficulty in obtaining faithful teachers; and concluded by urging upon parents the necessity of visiting and encouraging the Sabbath School. (Applause.)

The children then sang in quick succession a few remarks being made by the chairman between each piece, —“Hark! the Sabbath Bells are Ringing,” “Come, and Welcome,” “We all love one another.”

Mr. Peter Pearson made a few well-timed remarks, and was followed by Mr. Jackson, after which the children again sung two or three more pieces.

R. H. Smith, Esq., then proposed a vote of thanks to the speakers, which was carried unanimously.

Mr. Pearson moved a vote of thanks to the children for the very creditable way they had performed their part this evening.—Carried.

A vote of thanks was then given the chairman, to which he replied in his usual happy style.

Mr. Trent proposed a vote of thanks to Miss Smith for the interest she had manifested, the care she had taken, and the manner in which she had instructed the children of the school. He thought great credit was due Miss Smith for her labors. To enable those children to sing so creditably must have taken much time and required much personal sacrifice. The motion was carried almost unanimously.

The proceedings commenced by the children singing an opening hymn: Miss Smith presiding at the melodeon, (and to whom, we may remark *en passant*, much credit is due for the pains she has taken to instruct and qualify the pupils to perform so creditably) after which the Rev. Thos. Baker, pastor of the church, offered up prayer.

On motion of R. H. Smith, Esq., seconded by John Boagart, Esq., the Rev. Mr. Baker was requested to preside as chairman on the occasion, which he did with his usual ability. He said he was pleased to meet with them on this interesting occasion, and he was also pleased to see so large a number present. It gave the children in connection with the school an opportunity to show that religion was not moroseness, but elevating. The world of mankind understood the value of poetry. In every language might be found national songs that call forth energies and prompt to action the chivalrous. In our country “Rule Britannia,” and “God save the Queen,” sent a thrill and revived a national spirit whenever sung. Yes, and Britons will be loyal and free so long as it is perpetuated. But while it was well to cultivate sentiments of loyalty, it was also necessary for the future happiness of the rising generation, that we inculcate the peaceful and holy principles of religion. (Hear, hear.) The children in these verses committed to memory, are taught these principles, and in this way much important truth. The young mind was ever on the enquiry, and by occupying it with the good, much evil was excluded. (Hear, hear.) The chairman then addressed himself personally to the children, giving them much wholesome advice, and urged them never to commit an act, or engage in any undertaking they thought God would not approve. (Applause.)

The children then sang—“The Sunday School Army.”

Rev. Mr. Osmond was the first speaker introduced to the meeting. He commenced by expressing the pleasure he felt in standing associated with them. Long had he been convinced that the Sabbath School was an institution of vital importance to the church, the social circle, and the world. He was aware that many difficulties presented them

solves calculated to obstruct their efficiency. He was also aware that a time was when parents considered the establishing of Schools would tend to take from them the duties properly belonging to the parent, and relieve them of the responsibilities properly devolving upon them. This theory, however, had long since exploded, and was exploded among the things that were. Parents now feel it a duty to aid and assist the institution by their prayers and contributions; and, judging from appearances to-night, he was satisfied the people in connection with this church were performing that duty nobly. (Hear, hear.) How laudable was the fact, however, that when parents have done all they can to save their children from the evils in the world, evil principles are instilled.

The Rev. gentleman then went on to show the influence of the Sabbath School on the family circle, and the world at large;—the rapid strides the institution was taking, and the many illustrious personages it had saved to the world. He then addressed a few words of encouragement to the children, which were well received. Mr. Osmond’s speech occupied about twenty minutes, and was frequently applauded during its delivery.

The children then sang—“The Pilgrim Christian.”

Rev. Mr. Meachem was next introduced, who said, it was with feelings of no ordinary gratification he appeared before them. They met this evening as friends of different denominations, for the promotion of God’s glory and the salvation of precious souls.

In our Sabbath Schools we behold young Canada—herein, too, was our future church. Shut up in a little acorn was a grain that if properly planted and trained would shoot forth a tree capable of withstanding the fiercest winds,—and shut up in the minds of some of these little ones may be forces of thought and powers of perception capable of accomplishing wonderful things for God’s church and their fellow men. Who can tell? The speaker then went on to show the force of the inflexible and inexorable law of habit. He considered this law would exert an influence over our moral, physical and intellectual natures—that man was always subject to it. Its influence was never suspended.

When we think of this, and then reflect that by precept or example we may give a bias by the agency of Sabbath School instruction—forming them into glorious and symmetrical characters, we partially realize the responsibility resting upon us. (Hear, hear.)

Here it is in the power of Parents and Teachers to make them glorious beings; and it was also possible (fearful thought) for us to be their curse—their eternal ruin. In view of these facts, it was a solemn thing to live; and he prayed God, that as parents and teachers they might have that assisting grace which would enable them to live in the discharge of every known duty—and thereby contribute to the formation of virtuous and holy characters. The Rev. gentleman then addressed a few remarks to the children assembled—painted to their fancy what they might become in endeavoring to cultivate and follow proper laws of habit. His remarks were well received, and on concluding was loudly applauded.

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Mr. Trent proposed a vote of thanks to Miss Smith for the interest she had manifested, the care she had taken, and the manner in which she had instructed the children of the school. He thought great credit was due Miss Smith for her labors. To enable those children to sing so creditably must have taken much time and required much personal sacrifice. The motion was carried almost unanimously.

The proceedings terminated by the chairman pronouncing the benediction. Altogether, it was a most pleasant affair; and we met heartily join in the opinion generally expressed on that occasion, that much credit is due Miss Smith for the very commendable way in which the children performed.—The collection amounted to nearly £3.

Sabbath School Concert.

Pursuant to an arrangement the Concert for the benefit of St. Paul’s Church Sabbath School, which took place on Thursday evening last. Although the attendance was not quite so large as could have been wished, yet, considering the appearance of the weather, it was very fair—the proceeds amounting to about \$30.

The singing on the occasion was superior

—decidedly so—to anything we heard in this place, by local amateurs. There were twenty-two singers—Mr. P. L. Butler, being the leader.—Mrs. Moulton presiding at the melodeon. We feel fully warranted in stating, that not an individual present but was highly pleased with the manner in which the various pieces were rendered,—which were executed much superior to the most sanguine expectations.

It requires no little art to render sacred music as to produce a good effect upon a promiscuous assembly; but we must give the amateurs, on the above occasion, the credit of having very successfully acquired it, for the grace with which the voices and solo

songs and the force, yet perfectly harmonious manner with which the chorus were rendered gave unmistakable evidence of the ability of the performers. We have much pleasure in congratulating them upon the success of the concert.

The children then sang—“The Sunday School Army.”

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## THE PRINCE COMING.

## PREPARATION AT NEWMARKET.

## Minutes of Celebration and Decoration Committee.

NEWARKET, Aug. 27, 1860.

Committee met this evening, and on motion of Dr. Hunter, the Reeve was called to the chair and Dr. Bentley appointed Secretary.

Dr. Hunter then moved seconded by Dr. Pyne, that Committees be struck for several purposes, viz:—

PROGRASMS.

1st. To prepare a Program of proceedings for the Prince’s Reception.

DECORATION.

2nd. To make the necessary arrangements for Ornamenting and Decorating Buildings.

FINANCE.

3rd. To engage and carry out such arrangements as may be necessary to meet the expense.

ADRESS.

4th. To prepare an address and take the necessary steps to obtain the Prince’s consent to receive the same.

This resolution was adopted.

The Committee then proceeded to appoint sub-committees for the above purposes.

Moved by Dr. Hunter, seconded by Mr. Arthur Boulthill—That the Reeve and Messrs. Cooke, Hackett, McMaster, Roe, Boulthill, Davison and Brodie be a Committee on Programmes.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Cooke, seconded by Rev. Mr. Brown, that Drs. Hunter and Bentley and Messrs. Wallis, Smith, Marsden, and Roe, compose the Finance Committee.

Moved by Dr. Hunter, seconded by Mr. Cooke, that Revs. Messrs. Ramsey, Baker, Brown, and Ward, and Messrs. Marling and Boulthill compose Committee on Address.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Wallis, seconded by Mr. Davison, that Messrs. Dudley, Bishop, Hatchcroft, Wall, J. Nixon, R. Brodie and Naylor be a committee on Decorations.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Cooke, seconded by Mr. Wilson, that the meeting be adjourned to the next meeting.

Mr. Wilson was appointed to a sub-committee of the Finance Committee to receive the address of the Prince.

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## The Syrian Massacre.

It has proved a great relief to the feelings of the people of England to learn that a truce has been come to between the Druses and Maronites, and that a large Turkish army is on the spot where the various butcheries occurred, to keep order and punish offenders. But new facts come to light distinctly suggesting that the outbreak was the result of French intrigue, and the news from France itself shows that our neighbors are quite prepared for the opportunity, this offering them for interfering in the affairs of Turkey, and quite intent to make the best use of it. Although peace is concluded, Napoleon persists in sending forth his expedition. The Russian Government is of course but too glad to countenance such a resolution on the part of France, and it is believed that Austria likewise would now offer no objection to it. Prussia to judge from the articles of the journals supporting the Government of Berlin, takes exactly the same view of the state of things as the British Cabinet. She desires to support the Christians of Syria, but pleads the freedom of the Sultan to a convention for regulating any collective intervention. But this has not yet been given, nor is there the least appearance that it will ever be. The retropects from Syria almost all agree that the so-called Christians were the first offenders. One correspondent distinctly marks out a Roman Catholic priest as the contriver of the plot, and the American missionaries, who are now driven from the scene of their successful labors, hold in their hands other clues tracing the mischief to French priests. The Duke of Magenta is himself talked of as the commander of the expedition of the ten thousand who were despatched to Toultoun in a surprising brief period after the reports from Lebanon came to hand, and an officer of Algerian experience turns up with most remarkable foresight, who has already examined the country, and reports that a very large force will be required to maintain order in the fastnesses of Lebanon. Thus the sequences of the disturbances in Syria develop themselves with alarming rapidity. It readily seems that we shall look on, from our ships, as passive spectators, while the French make a lodgment in Syria, which it is not to be supposed they will ever abandon. Russia will be apprised by a protectorate of some other part of the Turkish Empire, and thus the break up, delayed so long delayed, will be finally begun.

**The Prince at Quebec.**  
The correspondent of the New York Times tells some interesting gossip concerning the Prince, which we publish for the benefit of our fair readers. He says:—  
"A party of ladies went on board the *Hero*, at Quebec, examined the cabin occupied by the Prince, and stole every pin, every piece of wax, and all the knick-knacks that they could find there, as *curiosities* of His Royal Highness. The Prince's private room was also invaded by a rash of the fair sex, who mounted his cheapeau, played with his sword, and flocked with his accoutrements generally. One damsel was caught trying in his overcoat, from which every button had been cut by eager doborates of the youthful Guelph. The Prince says, if anybody wants to show him attention, let them git him up a ball—he will willingly dance all night, and would go home with the girls in the morning, if the Duke of Newcastle would allow him."

**The Orangemen and the Procession.**  
The following resolutions were moved and unanimously carried at a meeting of the Royal Orange District Lodge, at their meeting on Thursday night, at Toronto, and transmitted to the Programme Committee:—  
Moved by Osgoode R. Gowen, seconded by Andrew Fleming, and

**Resolved**—That this meeting having had before it a letter from the Rev. Dr. McCaul, chairman of the Programme and Arrangement Committee, express their high sense of the Orangemen of this city for the consideration extended to them by the said Committee and their reverend and respected chairman; they feel bound at the same time respectfully, but firmly, to declare their constitutional right to participate in the general joy of the whole people on the arrival of His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, in such modes and manner as to them may appear most desirable, and they are determined to assert their rights without compromise or abridgement.

Moved by Bro. Wilson, seconded by Bro. McChain, and

**Resolved**—That the Orangemen of this District, in asserting their rights thus freely and constitutionally, feel bound to express most fully and unreservedly, that all the rights which they claim for themselves they most fully and cordially concede to all other classes of Her Majesty's loyal subjects, and should they see fit to erect an arch for themselves, the Orangemen, in procession, will be happy to march under it, and to join with them and all others in mutual felicity and joy at the presence of the Royal Highness amongst us.

**The Provincial Exhibition.**

From the Hamilton Times of Monday 3.

A meeting of the Local Committee was held on Saturday.

The Chairman of Freight and Passengers Committee reported as follows:—

The Committee on Freight and Passengers had to submit their second report, viz: That in addition to the several lines who have already agreed to carry freight and passengers at half-fares—the Ottawa and Prescott Railway Company have agreed to carry freight and passengers to and from the Exhibition for one fare; also, that the Grand Trunk Railway have agreed to carry freight and live stock back from the Exhibition free, but cannot promise to carry passengers under full fare; both companies promise that every facility will be given for the despatch of freight and the clearing of baggage.

Moved by Mr. Gillespie, and seconded by Mr. Gilkinson—That Dr. Hubert, Alderman Brown, Jas. S. Wetenhall and Col. Gourlay be appointed by this Committee, in accordance with a former resolution, to act conjointly with the Burlington Bay Club in the appropriation of the \$200 granted by the Committee for a regatta.—Carried.

Moved by W. Gillespie, and seconded by J. T. Gilkinson—That a Special Committee, namely, Adam Brown, C. Magill, Jas. Cummings, J. T. Gilkinson, J. S. Wetenhall, C. A. Soller, and the mover be appointed to make arrangements with hotel-keepers and others, for the purpose of providing accommodation for visitors during the Exhibition week; and the Committee keep lists of all hotels and boarding-houses where accommodation can be had; and that it also have power to engage the services of a competent person to keep each member fully informed regarding the accommodation to be afforded.—Carried.

**A Squib Ament the Royal Visit.**  
NIAGARA FALLS, U. S. A.,  
August 22, 1860.  
To His Grace the Duke of Newcastle:

Dear Sir,—It is important that the Prince of Wales' entrance into the United States should produce a sensation worthy of the country and of himself.

He will probably arrive among us by way of Niagara Falls were the greatest natural phenomena of this continent has been running over six thousand years in preparation for this event.

In order that the occasion may be fitly improved, I purpose to take the hour apparent to the British Throne across the Falls in a wheelbarrow, on a light rope free of expense.

The progress of the trip shall be diversified by fireworks and various gymnastic feats, such as the occasion and the inclinations of the Prince of Wales may suggest.

In this way thousands may see him arrive who would have no opportunity if he came by railroad or any ordinary conveyance.

It would please your Grace, I should be very happy to bring you over in the same way,

and other members of the Prince's suite which may say desirous.

If any accident should happen by which his Highness or any members of his party should be precipitated into the gulf below, (of which, I assure you, there is little or no danger,) the money taken from the spectators shall be promptly and conscientiously refunded.

Please submit this proposition to His Highness, and favor me with a reply at your earliest convenience.

I am your Grace's most obedient,  
and most humble servant,

M. BLODGETT.

**The Harvest in Britain.**

(From the Liverpool Times, August 18th.)

The seas about the harvest are every day becoming worse. The acrobats from Ireland are desponding, and the potato disease in many districts is deepening in virulence. The same cold damp weather which has so long prevailed on this side of the Channel appears to have been pretty general in the outer county Straits to us, Scotland is the part of the United Kingdom where the prospect is most cheering. There they actually complain of a deficiency of moisture. A friend of ours, in coming from London a day or two back through the Trent Valley, found the whole country for forty or fifty miles under water. It appeared like one vast lake and the tops of the cereal crops were alone visible. Such a state of things in the middle of August is almost unprecedented. Still it would appear, from the state of the corn markets, this is exceptional, for the accounts from the more southern and western districts are considerably favourable. No doubt the corn market is considerably influenced by the arrivals which are daily coming in, but that we shall have to import largely can scarcely admit of a doubt.

**The Prince at Quebec.**

The correspondent of the New York Times tells some interesting gossip concerning the Prince, which we publish for the benefit of our fair readers. He says:—

"A party of ladies went on board the *Hero*, at Quebec, examined the cabin occupied by the Prince, and stole every pin, every piece of wax, and all the knick-knacks that they could find there, as *curiosities* of His Royal Highness. The Prince's private room was also invaded by a rash of the fair sex, who mounted his cheapeau, played with his sword, and flocked with his accoutrements generally. One damsel was caught trying in his overcoat, from which every button had been cut by eager doborates of the youthful Guelph. The Prince says, if anybody wants to show him attention, let them git him up a ball—he will willingly dance all night, and would go home with the girls in the morning, if the Duke of Newcastle would allow him."

**THE NEW ERA'S OFFICE**

Will be Removed

On Mon. Sep. 17, '60,

TO THE SUBSCRIBER'S

NEW PREMISES,

CORNER OF

Main and Ontario St's,

Second Building North of the Premises  
at present occupied.

Remember the date, as no Job Work will  
be executed on that day.

3. STACEYSON.

Newmarket, Aug. 18th, 1860.

**TO LET, OR SELL**

—OR—

**Exchange for Land!**

IN the Incorporated VILLAGE of NEWMARKET, the subscriber lately occupied the New Era Printing Office, situated on the corner of Main and Ontario St's. Could he fit up a small office as a General Store, or would make a Capital Tavern Stand. A Good Cellar, with a living Spring.

Apply to the proprietor.

JOSEPH WOOD,

Newmarket, September 18th, 1860. 18-30

**W O Y C L E S**

ALL persons indebted to the undersigned by Book Account, are requested to call on Mr. T. St. John, of Sharon, and settle the same on or before the 1st day of OCTOBER next, in order to save cost.

(Signed) JOHN V. WILLSON.

Sharon, Sept. 5, 1860. 18-30

**LIST OF LETTERS**

REMAINING in the Aurora Post Office, Sep. 1st, 1860.

Andrews E. Knecshaw Thomas 2  
Alleyn John F. Lambert James  
Bard Charles Little James 2  
Boott Stephen Little Catharine  
Brag Joseph Miller Rev W.  
Bouffard George McLaughlin John  
Brown Henry McCoy J.  
Brown Robert Masterton George  
Cain Wm. Orens J.  
Cutting George Palmer J S.  
Davis Caroline A. Plater Aaron  
Davis George Reeves Mrs.  
Edwards Elizabeth Riddiford Frances  
Foster John Reynolds John  
Graham Elizabeth Smith Robert  
Heel George 2. Wellis Rachel 2  
Hayward F C. Wellis Robert  
Hill Mr. Williamson Mathew  
Holt James Williamson Susan M C  
Jackson Louis Woodard Mark  
Kean John Wootton Davis  
Young Wm. Young Wm.

WM. ROE, Postmaster.

**Dr. F. Dillabaugh,**

**GERMAN PHYSICIAN**

OF

BY FELLAH, M. 18-22.

Will be at

Bingham's Hotel, Bradford, C. W.,  
on the

11th and 12th of September, 1860,

W HEN you can be consulted on terms of long-standing disease.

18-23 The foreign demand for American butter and cheese is rapidly increasing. During the first six months of 1858 there were exported from New York 685,116 pounds of butter, and 2,940,534 pounds of cheese; for the same period of 1860 the export of these articles was—of butter, 3,836,818 pounds; of cheese, 7,087,466 pounds.

**NEWMARKET MARKETS.**

Newmarket, Sept. 7, 1860.

Wheat \$1.00 a bushel 18-25

Spring Wheat, \$1.00

Flour, \$5.

Oats, 30cts.

Bailey, 50.

Peas, 50cts.

Potatoes (new) 40cts a bushel

Potatoes, old 30cts

Bacon, 12cts.

Eggs, 10cts.

Chips 8 to 10cts

Chips per 100 lbs. \$0.60

Kettleby, August 30, 1860. 18-23

**Extraordinary Works of Indian's Mountain Herb Worm Tea.**

Churchill, Blimco Co., C. W.

Dear Sirs:—I take great

pleasure in giving my testimony in favor of your valuable Mountain Herb Worm Tea. I had a child six years ago who had been troubled for a long time with worms. I tried several different kinds of medicines but they done no manner of good. Mr. Mel, your agent at Cherry Creek, recommended your Worm Tea, which I am happy to say that after giving it according to directions it greatly exceeded my expectation. The only took half of the package; he is now healthy and growing more robust than ever before. I gave the remainder of the package to a neighbor, who has also given great praise to your Worm Tea, and is giving great pleasure to his children. We consider it the best remedy we have for the cure of worms.

Yours respectfully,

(Signed) M. J. MALTBY.

JAMES KIRKUP.

**A Child Nearly Dead.**

Cherry Creek, Blimco Co., C. W.

Dear Sirs:—I take great

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Yours respectfully,

(Signed) M. J. MALTBY.

JAMES KIRKUP.

**NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.**

UNCONDITIONAL ASSURANCE ON LIFE.

THE LIFE ASSOCIATION OF SCOTLAND has adopted a NEW SCHEME of "UNCONDITIONAL ASSURANCE," which entirely obviates the objection to the ordinary forms of other Offices.

OMISSION to pay a Premium by carelessness does not void the Assurance, and after a time, payment may be intentionally postponed for a year.

The ASSURED is not subject to any Reduction due to Occupation or Residence, and NO EXTRA PREMIUMS can ever be payable.

The ASSURANCE is virtually Non-forfeitable and Unquestionable.

The POLICY HOLDER, in furnishing his Policy, can withdraw a fixed and unusually large proportion of his payment, or take up his paid-up Policy for double the amount; or he may withdraw the same sum as a Loan, and still continue the Policy.

So COMPLETE and SATISFACTORY a system of Unconditional Assurance is not to be found in the arrangements of any other Assurance Office. Explanatory Pamphlets may be had on application.

ENTRANTS TO THE PROFIT CLASS on or before the 5th DECEMBER NEXT will receive ONE YEAR'S BONUS more than will be allocated to later entrants.

The LIFE ASSOCIATION OF SCOTLAND was founded in 1833, and has issued upwards of Thirteen Thousand Policies for Life Assurances, amounting to nearly Six Million Pounds Sterling. The Annual Income is upwards of £100,000 sterling. The Policies under the original Scheme have also for many years, been unusually free from restrictions and imperfections, and the assured have received large bonuses. Prospects of this Scheme also may be had on application.

HEAD OFFICE FOR CANADA,

9 Great St. James Street Montreal.

Agent—Newmarket—ALFRED BOULTBEE, Barrister.

WHITCHURCH TOWNSHIP Agricultural Society.

WICHITA, KANSAS.

My child has been very bad with worms for a long time. I tried various medicine, they would not help. Your Agent W. Main at this place recommended your Mountain Herb Worm Tea. I had given it to my child as incurable but concluded to try a placebo. Before it was half finished I brought away worms from 4 to 8 inches long most of which were knotted into little balls. I may say so prided myself on this. I am pleased in recommending Judson's Mountain Herb Tea

## Amusement.

**JUST RECEIVED,**  
DIRECT FROM BOSTON,  
THE LARGEST, BEST AND CHEAPEST  
LOT OF  
**BOOTS & SHOES**

brought into this section of country.  
Women's Prudential Boots, from \$1.10c  
Misses' Kid Do. " \$1.35c  
Children's Shoes Do. " \$0.27c  
The whole Stock having been bought before the  
same can be had at prices which

**DISTANCE COMPETITION.**  
JOHN BENTLEY.

Newmarket, April 5, 1860.

**TORONTO**  
Wholesale Stationers and Paper  
Manufacturers!

BUNTING, BROTHER & CO.,  
8 & 9 Commercial Buildings, Yonge-st.,

BEGS to inform their numerous customers  
and the trade generally, that their stock will  
always be found complete with every description of  
goods in the Stationery Department.

**Blank Books of Every Description.**  
All the National School Books at Publishers Price.

We would call special attention to our stock of  
**Writing, Printing and Wrapping  
Papers,**

These goods being all our own manufacture, we sell  
at much lower prices than those imported from  
Great Britain.

**TERMS LIBERAL**

Toronto, April 26, 1860.

TO LUMBERMEN.

**FOR SALE,**  
In the Township of King a good

**STEAM SAW-MILL,**  
situated in a district of excellent pine timber,  
with five acres of GOOD LAND, and a well  
finished frame house, and good new barn. This  
property is situated two miles from a R.R. Station,  
will be sold on long credit and very cheap. The  
Mill is in perfect order and nearly new.

For particulars enquire of  
BENJ. PEARSON,  
Aurora, Aug. 7th, 1860.

**To be Let,**  
TWO Shops on Main Street—a number of Rooms  
attached to one of them, suitable for a dwell-  
ing House and Bakery. Apply to  
E. JACKSON.

Newmarket, August 7, 1860.

HOUSE TO LET!

TO LET, a COTTAGE House on Huron Street,  
containing four rooms and a cellar— together  
with a garden, &c. Apply at the Newmarket  
Bakery.

Newmarket, July 27, 1860.

**TOWN LOTS.**

FOR Sale—Two vacant Building Lots, beauti-  
fully situated on Main Street, in a good loca-  
tion. Terms liberal. Apply to

E. JACKSON.

Newmarket, July 21, 1860.

**HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE,**  
ON Wellington Street, in the Village of Aurora.  
For particulars, apply to  
CHARLES BRELSFORD.

Newmarket, July 19, 1860.

**For Sale.**

ON very reasonable terms, a Building Lot, sit-  
uated on the side line between King Station  
and King Horn, in the 10th Concession—with one  
mile of the Post Office. For further particulars  
apply at this Office.

E. JACKSON.

July 5, 1860.

**JUDSON'S  
Mountain Herb Pills.**

Atmos, we present you with a perfect elixir of  
Judas, a chief of a tribe of the strange Aztec Nation,  
and his people in our Americas and elsewhere—  
to his great, from the Agents for these Pills.

He is the author and manufacturer of Judas' Her-  
bals, and the first to introduce them into the  
traveling, having visited nearly every country in the  
world. He spent over six years among the Indians of  
the New World, and in 1850, when he returned to  
the "Mountain Herbs," was discovered to have an  
interesting account of his adventures there, which will fill  
any American and English reader.

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bals, and the first to introduce them into the  
traveling, having visited nearly every country in the  
world. He spent over six years among the Indians of  
the New World, and in 1850, when he returned to  
the "Mountain Herbs," was discovered to have an  
interesting account of his adventures there, which will fill  
any American and English reader.

It is a well-known fact, that an elixir like this from  
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These are a chief of a tribe of the strange Aztec Nation,  
and his people in our Americas and elsewhere—  
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